NAME: _					DATE:
	 4		41.61	4	

EXAMS: History Junior Certificate

EXAMS Junior Certificate History It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Theme	Exams	Exams: History					
Language focus	Key voo	cabulary for exam questions, tyns.	ype and structure of				
Learning focus	paper;	Understanding the language of questions on an exam paper; familiarisation with some question and image types used in History exams, reading questions for detail.					
Learning Support							
Language Support	Suitable	e for all students as part of exa	am preparation.				
Subject class							
Language Level	A1 – B1						
		CONTENTS					
Section		Exercise number/name	Page number				
A. Understanding the language of questions		1-15	3,4,5				
B. Understanding question types		16 - 19	6,7,8				
Answer Key			9, 10				

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Keywords

The keywords which are found in History exam papers are as follows:

Both Ordinary and Higher Level

InstructionspictureAnswerassociatedWritesupport

Mention

Select Other terms
Give during

Give during
Name twentieth
State events
Explain exploration
conditions

Words/terms in questions described account changes extract (from) relating

evidence accompany reason title selected attitude documents

source from fact below following named eyewitness about

oral hints

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taken

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SECTION A Understanding the language of questions

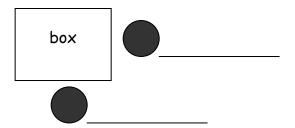
You must read exam questions very carefully. Here are some typical instructions from History exam questions. Read the text carefully and do the activities. If you are not sure about any words, check them and write a note or example to help you remember.

PLEASE ENCLOSE THIS PAPER IN YOUR ANSWER BOOK

- 1. What does this instruction mean? Tick (I) the correct answer:
 - a) You must leave the exam paper on your desk.
 - b) You must take the exam paper home with you.
 - c) You must put the exam paper into your answer book.

Put x in the box below beside the correct answer

Prepositions: <u>below</u> and <u>beside</u>
 Label the two circles in this diagram. One is <u>below</u> the box and the other is <u>beside</u> it.



Study the **two** documents, 1 and **2**, which accompany this paper

3.	a) What does <u>study</u> mean in this question?
	b) What is a document?
	c) Give some examples of documents that you find in History:
	Give one piece of evidence

4. What does <u>evidence</u> mean in this question? _____

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	Apart from attack Apart from posters Apart from oral sources									
5.	When you see <u>apart from</u> in a question, what does this mean?									
6.	You may use the hints to help you in your answer. When you see hints in a question, what can you do with them?									
7.	Give one piece of evidence from the picture Where will you find the answer to this question?									
	State two ways Mention one fact									
8.	What do these two words mean? State									
	Mention									
9.	Explain the following in your own words: a) an eye-witness account									
	b) an artist's impression									
	c) an extract from an account									
	d) an interview									
	e) a newspaper report									
	f) an oral account									
	Explain the meaning of the term									
10.	What does term mean in this question?									

Answer 10 of the following questions. Each is worth 6 marks.

- 11. a) How many questions must you answer?
 - b) How many marks can you get for each answer?
- 12. What are these? (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION IN A SEPARATE ANSWER BOOK

- 13. What does this instruction mean? Tick (J) the correct answer:
 - a) You must answer this question on a piece of paper. True False
 - b) You must use another answer book. True False

Write down **one** fact Name **one** leader Give **one** reason Mention **one** example Name **one** activity

- 14. These are examples from short questions which you will find on the exam paper. Answer the following questions:
 - a) How many answers are there for any of these questions?
 - b) Will you write a long answer? yes no
- 15. Put a circle around the words/phrases in the box below that can be found in exam questions:

	name	shoe	why?		how? what i	reason
house			,			
give a	piece of evid	ence school	according to		coat	
+====	mention		identify	food		who?
trees	tree	describe	rain	what?		holiday
which	?	select	give an exam	ple	hat	

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SECTION B Understanding Question types Picture questions



- This is a picture of Newgrange, Co.Meath.Look carefully at the picture. Have you seen this before?
 - a) When do you think this was built?
 - b) What time in History?
 - c) What type of evidence can you find in a picture like this?

Document questions

This is part of the list of passengers who travelled on the ship R.M.S. "Teutonic" from Liverpool (England) to Queenstown (now Cobh, Ireland) to New York. The ship sailed on 27 May 1891.

The columns show Name, Age, Sex, Occupation, Country of which they are citizens (Nationality), Last place of Residence, Intended destination or location. (Source http://immigrantships.net)

	John Bowater	5	М	Child	English	Birmingham	New York
	George Bowater	3	М	Child	English	Birmingham	New York
	Emma Earle	27	F	Serv't.	English	Eastbourne	Chicago
	Anne Earle	24	F	Serv't.	English	Eastbourne	Chicago
	Ellen McCabe	19	F	Serv't.	Irish	Dublin	New York
	Theresa Horan	14	F	Serv't.	Irish	Leitrim	New York
	Patrick Martin	20	М	Lab'r.	Irish	Clare	Brewster, N.Y.
	Geo: Wilson	25	М	Lab'r.	English	Liverpool	New York
	Pat'k. Monahan	20	М	Lab'r.	Irish	Latton	Kentucky
	Jas: Branagan	27	М	Lab'r.	U.S.A.	Baltimore	Baltimore
	Susan McBride	19	F	Serv't.	Irish	Donegal	New York
1							

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17.	Study the information that this evidence gives you:								
a)	What was the range of ages of the people travelling? From To								
b)	How many men, women and children were there? Men Women Children								
c)	What countries did the passengers come from?								
d)	Where were the passengers going to?								
e)	What were the occupations of the adults?								
f)	Do you think that some of these people were emigrating to find work in another country? Yes No								
g)	If you answered Yes, mention why you think these people were emigrating?								
h)	Why did they travel by ship?								
Shor	t answer questions								
	re expected to give <u>short</u> answers to these questions. nay not have to answer all the questions. Read the instructions carefully.								
18.	Answer these questions as quickly as you can.								
a)	Which of these are primary sources? Put X beside the correct answers:								
	diaries artefacts history books original records								
b)	What type of person belonged to a <i>guild</i> ?								
c)	Name a tool that an archaeologist would use?								
d)	What metal did the Celts bring to Ireland?								
e)	Name one important invention in supplying power that supported the								
	industrial revolution?								

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People	e in History							
19.	You may be given hints to help you write your answer. Now you are going to write your own hints. For each of the people below, write down 3 or four headings that you could use to plan an answer. Use your textbook to help you.							
a)	A famous explorer My hints:							
b)	A monk living in a community in the Middle Ages My hints:							
c)	A leader of the Easter Rising 1916 My hints:							
d)	An old person talking about changes in the past 80 years My hints:							
e)	A person living in Ireland in the Stone Age or Iron Age My hints:							
f)	A Gaelic landowner who lost his land in one of the Plantations (16^{th} or 17^{th} century) My hints:							

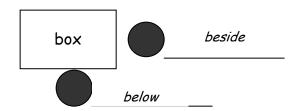
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Answer Key

Section A

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- 1. c
- 2.



- 3. a) read carefully
 - b) a paper with written or printed information
 - c) diary, letter, illustration, eyewitness account, record (e.g. prison, church register), interview
- 4. information or proof

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- 5. You do not include this in your answer.
- 6. Use hints to help you plan and write your answer.
- 7. in the picture
- 8. *state* to say or write something clearly *mention* to speak or write about something briefly with little or no detail
- 9. a) a description that is given by somebody who saw the event
 - b) a drawing or painting that shows how an artist imagines the thing or place
 - c) part of a description that is selected
 - d) a meeting where somebody asks questions
 - e) a description of an event or situation that appears in a newspaper
 - f) a spoken description
- 10. term a word or expression

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- 11. a) 10
 - b) 6
- 12. 1, 2, 3, 4 in Roman numbers
- 13. b
- 14. a) 1
 - b) No

15.

nam	e	<u>.</u>		how?
	.	why?		what reason
give a piece	of evidence	according to		
mer	ition	identify		who?
	de	scribe	what?	
which?	select	give an example		

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- 16. a) around 3200 BC
 - b) Neolithic
 - c) building skill, accuracy in building, moving large rocks, artistic, great size

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- 17. a) From 3 To 27
 - b) Men 4 Women 5 Children 2
 - c) England, Ireland, U.S.A.
 - d) New York, Chicago, Kentucky, Baltimore
 - e) labourers and servants
 - f) Yes
 - g) Conditions were bad at this time in England and Ireland. The people on the list were poor. People did not take holidays in foreign countries. It was expensive to travel to the U.S.A. They are all young and able to work. The journey was long and they would not be able to afford to travel home until they had earned money.
 - h) The ship was the only way to travel at this time. There were no flights to the U.S.A.
- 18. a) diaries X artefacts X original records X
 - b) a craftsman
 - c) trowel or hoe
 - d) iron
 - e) steam

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- 19. Examples of possible hints:
 - a) where he was from, who supported him (a King or Queen), where he went in his travels, the places and things he discovered, what he brought back to his own country
 - b) why he became a monk, what was the routine of daily life, what did he do in the monastery, how was the monastery organised, who were the other people in the monastery
 - c) name of the leader, why he/she got involved, his/her actions, what happened to him/her at the end of the Rising
 - d) changes at home, changes in communications, changes in travel, changes in holidays and leisure activities, changes in working life
 - e) homes and living situations, food and clothing, daily activities, important events (e.g. burials)
 - f) name and location of the Plantation, reasons why he had to leave his land, what happened with the new land owner, what were the results of the Plantation